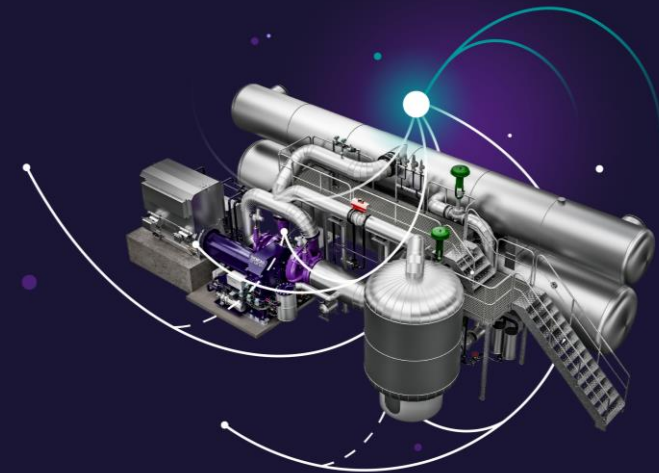
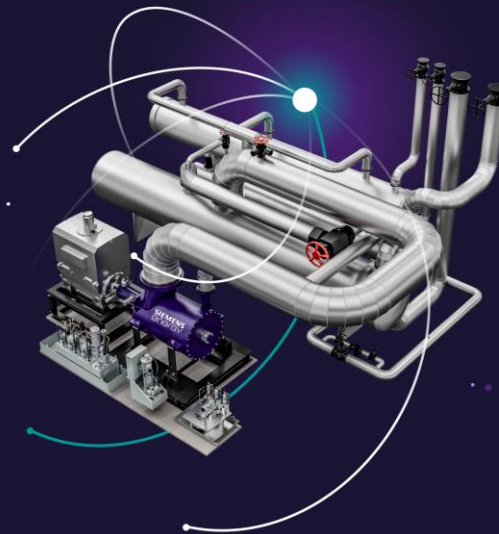


Industrial Heat Pump

Decarbonization of heat

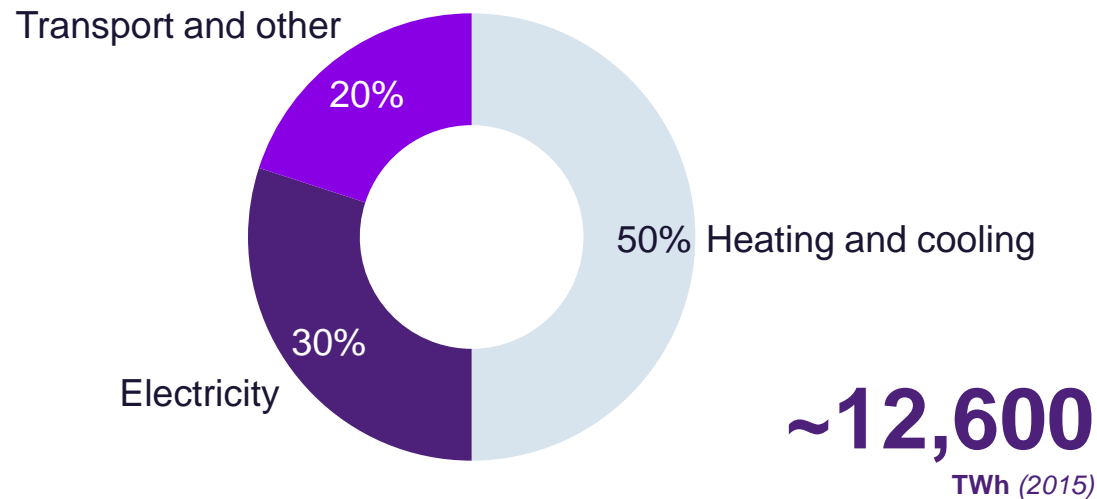
2022



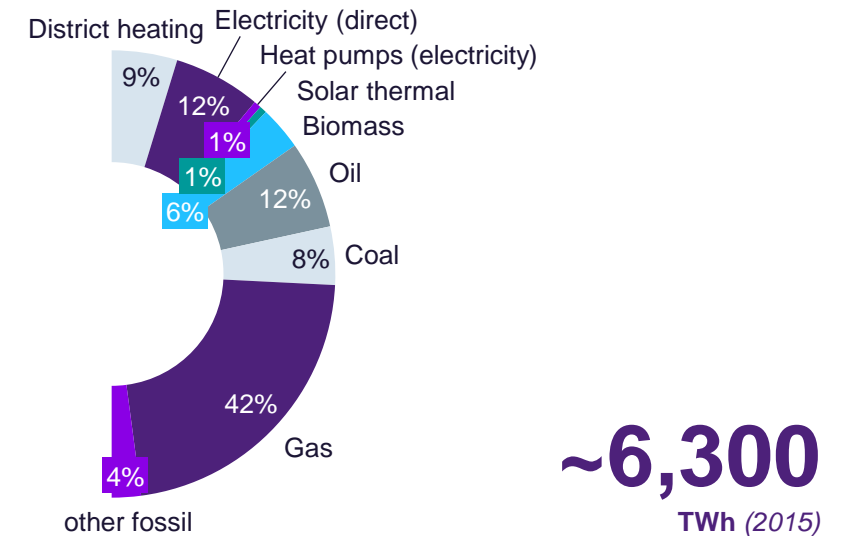
Today – Decarbonization is urgent

Heat in Europe is still largely produced from fossil sources

Final energy consumption EU28



Heating and cooling in EU28 by carrier



50%

of final energy use is heat → more than double comparing electricity

2/3 heat

is produced from fossil fuels → ~40% of energy related CO₂ emissions

Decarbonizing the heat sector requires

- Efficiency improvements (e.g., thermal insulation, use of waste heat)
- **Replacement of fossil fuels** with renewables or renewable power



Market Need for Large Scale Industrial Heat Pumps

Energy market

is changing with a continuous increase of renewable energy whilst heat from combustible applications becoming less.

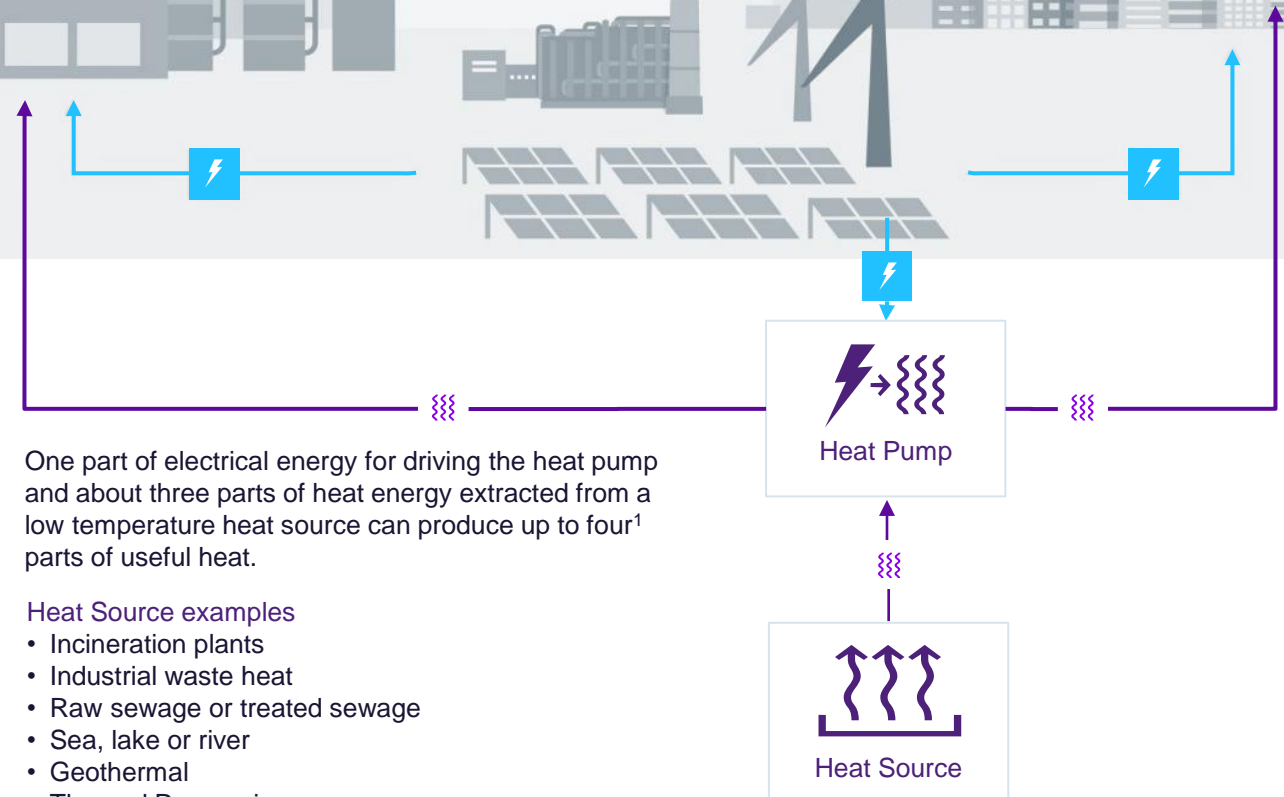
This at the same time as the need for heat is increasing.

Electricity

from wind-, solar- and hydro power need to be converted into heat. Industrial scale heat pumps is both economic and environmentally friendly and will play an important role on the future energy market.

¹ Note: Performance depends on specific site conditions

2020-12-18



One part of electrical energy for driving the heat pump and about three parts of heat energy extracted from a low temperature heat source can produce up to four¹ parts of useful heat.

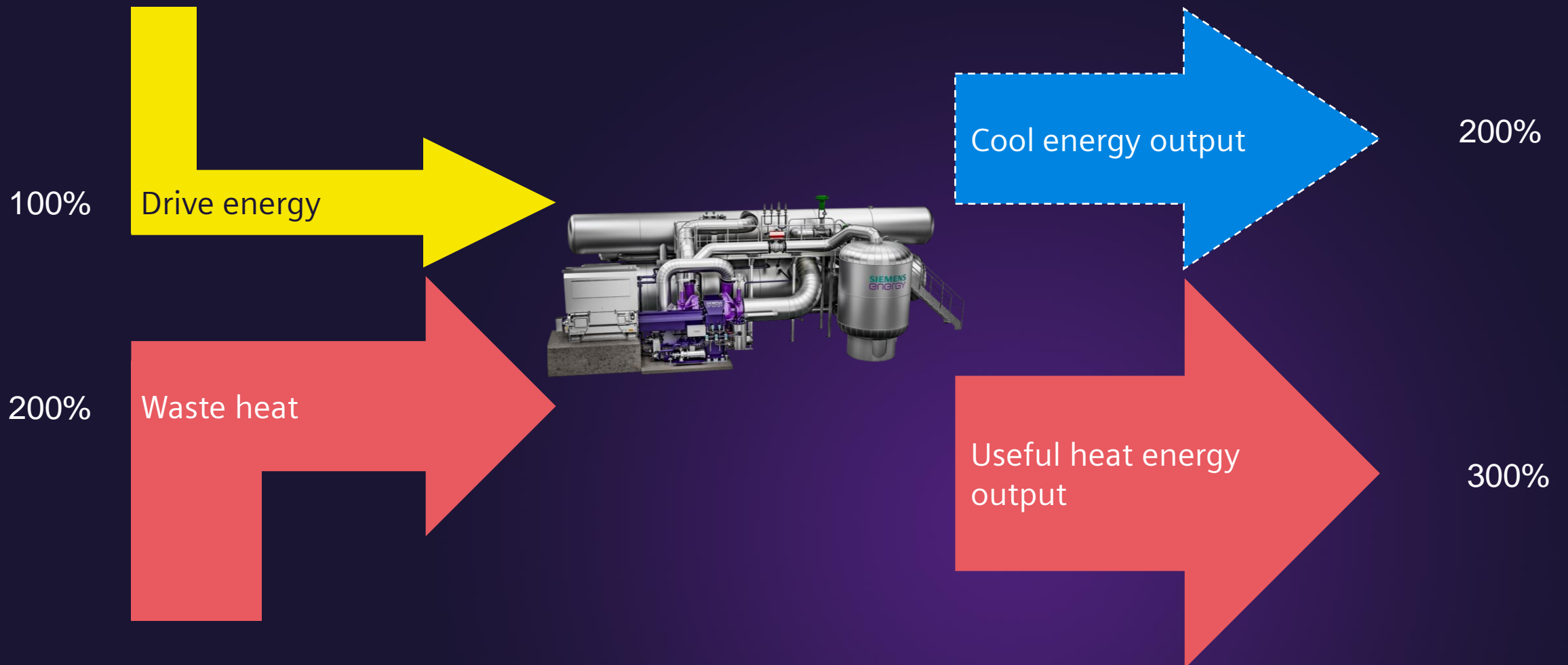
Heat Source examples

- Incineration plants
- Industrial waste heat
- Raw sewage or treated sewage
- Sea, lake or river
- Geothermal
- Thermal Reservoir
- Server Hall



An introduction to heat pumps

What is the benefit of a heat pump?



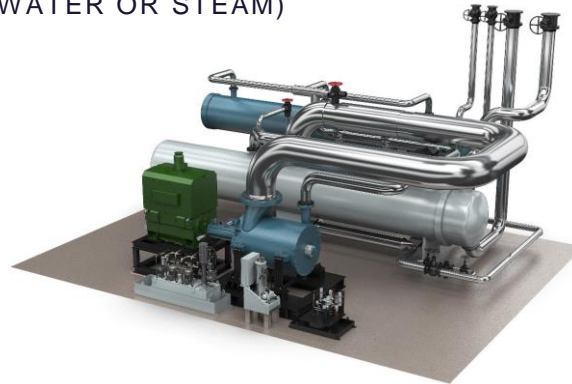
Industrial scale Heat Pumps from Siemens Energy address both district heating and industry applications

TWO COMPLEMENTARY PRODUCT LINES ...



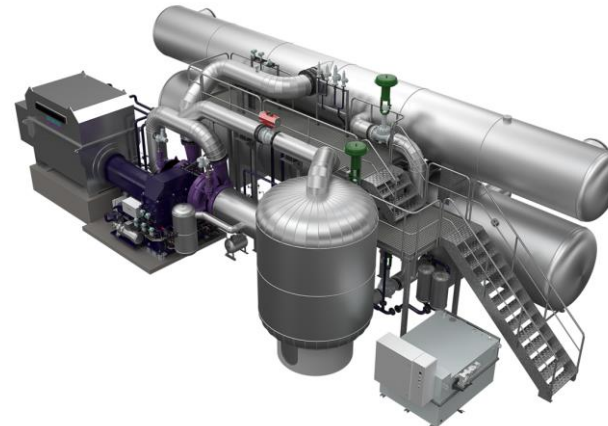
SHP-STC-XX W/S

HIGH TEMPERATURE HEAT PUMP
5 – 70 MW, UP TO 150 °C (HOT WATER OR STEAM)



SHP-C600/C750

BASED ON PROVEN DESIGN (SINCE 1980s)
15 – 45 MW, UP TO 100 °C (HOT WATER)



... TO SERVE THE NEEDS OF OUR CUSTOMERS



HEAT SUPPLY

~5 - 70MW_{th} per unit



TEMPERATURES

up to 150°C



ENVIRONMENT FRIENDLY WORK MEDIUM

low **GWP** and **ODP**



VARIOUS DRIVE CONCEPTS

electrical or **mechanical**



SCOPE OF SUPPLY

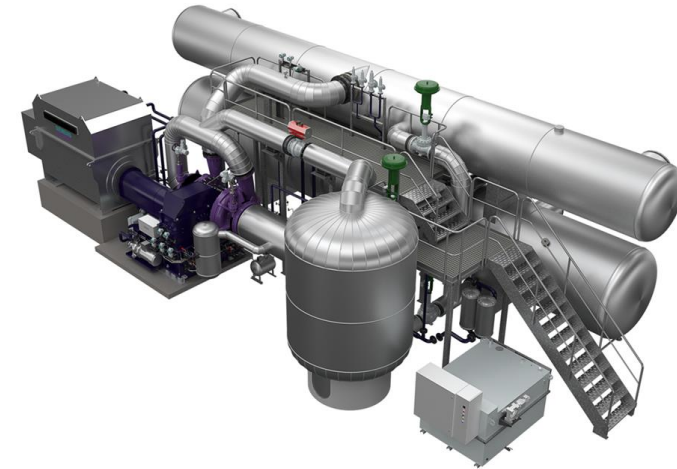
component up to **turnkey supply**



Industrial Heat pump SHP-C600/750, 15-45 MW_{th}

The existing fleet has over the years truly proven the robustness of the heavy-duty industrial heat pump.

- Design based on the 50 deliveries, starting in mid 80s.
- 6 + Millions accumulated operation hours
- Continuously development by inhouse competence for high COP.
- Industrial design with High Reliability & Availability
- Operational flexibility for dynamic operation suited for the FCR requirement.
- Dynamic operation – Quick ramp rates, Down to 30 % load
- Modern Efficient and Environmentally Friendly Refrigerant R1234ze(E) with Low GWP.
- Flexible modularized design optimized for each customer.
- Turbo compressor module pre-assembled in workshop.



SIEMENS
ENERGY

Heat Output 15-45 **MW_{th}**
Cooling Output 5-25 **MW_{th}**

District Heating Supply Temperature
up to 100°C

Modularized concept

Design flexibility and secure high quality

Dynamic operation, FCR

Load ramp, up 2 **MW_e**/60s down 2 **MW_e**/30s

Heat source flexible

Sea water
Sewage - Process water
Air from outdoor or building
Geothermal



Siemens Energy is providing Stockholm with a climate neutral district heating and cooling supply



Deep decarbonization



CO₂ savings

PROJECT TYPE

Heat & Green Municipalities



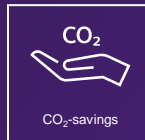
Combined heat and power



Heat pumps



Efficiency



CO₂-savings

Customer Challenge/Driver

Carbon Neutral District Heating combined with District Cooling. Cooling operation flexibility during summer to operate with low heat demand for district heating.



Portfolio Elements

Low-temperature heat pump plant solution (from 20 MWth to 215 MWth) are located centralized and decentralized.



Scope

Heat Pumps optimized for each location and operational demand. Both Tube and Falling film evaporator to optimize performance to heat source temperature.



Customer Benefit

- Outstanding availability in operation since 1980s
- The compressor has been updated to meet new demands and increase efficiency
- Converted to new refrigerant
- Planned for operation for the next 20 years
- Reduced emissions compared to other heat power plants

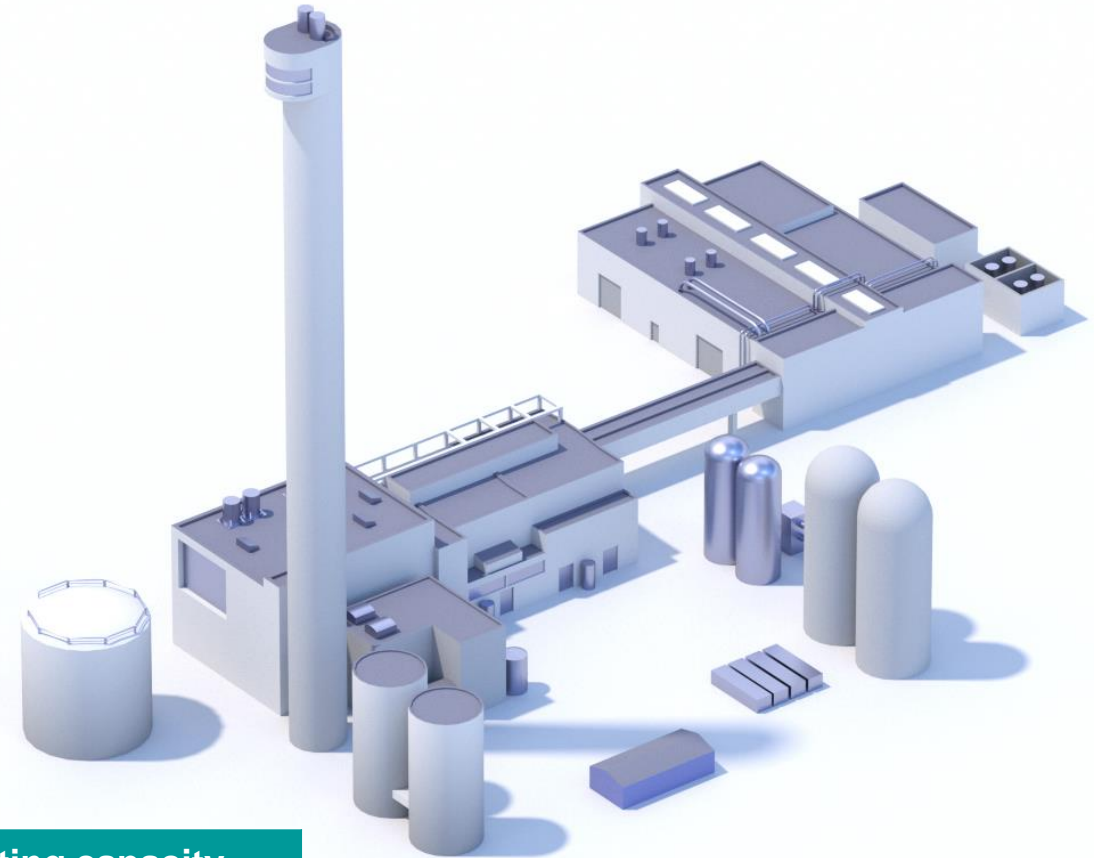


Hammarbyverket

Heats 80,000 apartments

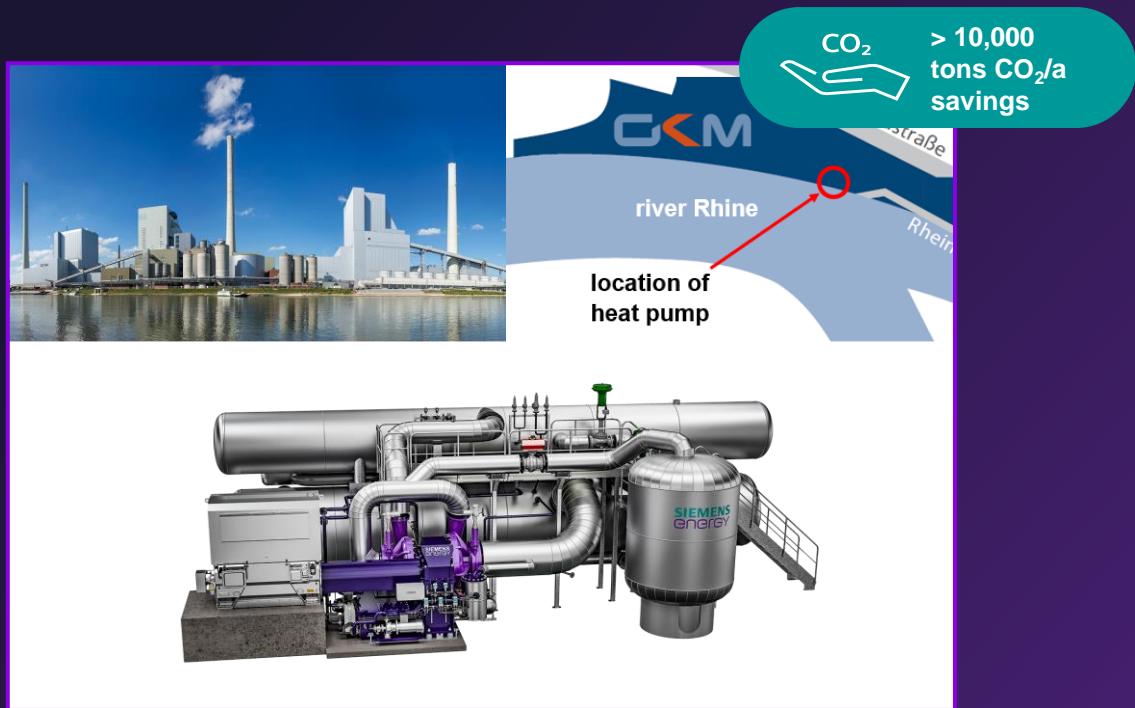
Energy from purified waste water

Heat and cooling generated simultaneously



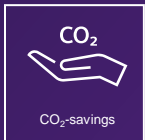
Plant	Fuel	Operational	Heating capacity	
			MW	GWh
7 heat pumps	Waste water, electricity	1986-1991	215	900
2 boilers	Bio-oil	1986	200	140
Total			415	1 040

Siemens Energy and MVV with GKM using a large-scale heat pump to do the first step towards green district heating



PROJECT TYPE

Heat & Green Municipalities



Press release

Seen on TV



Deep Decarbonization

Customer Challenge/Driver

Decrease the use of coal at GKM power plant by installation of a heat pump using the river as energy source. The new heat pump is the first step towards the goal of green district heating. MVV and the City of Mannheim is targeting to become CO₂ neutral in the district heating production by 2030.



Portfolio Elements

Low temperature heat pump SHP-C600 from Finspang (20 MW_{th}) enabling temperature levels up to 99 °C, compressor with gear, electrical motor, heat exchangers, storage tank & control system



Scope

Delivery of a complete heat pump SHP-C600 including full installation and commissioning



Customer Benefit

- Decrease the use of coal
- Use the river Rhine as heat source
- Provide 50 GWh/a heat for the district heating network
- More than 10,000 t of CO₂ emissions savings per year versus heat from a gas boiler at 2,500 full operating hours



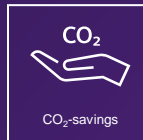
Vattenfall and Siemens Energy help advance a climate-friendly heating supply for Berlin with large scale heat pump



 **6'500 tons CO2 savings**

PROJECT TYPE

Heat & Green Municipalities



 Press release



Deep Decarbonization

Customer Challenge/Driver

Utilize unused waste-heat of district cooling as heat source for district heating



Portfolio Elements

High-temperature heat pump (8 MW_{th}) enabling temperature levels from 85 to 120 °C



Scope

Our role: Provide new large scale heat pump technology
Partner: Vattenfall Wärme Berlin



Customer Benefit

- Avoid unused heat being dissipated into the environment
- Provide 55 GWh/a additional heat for the district heating network
- 6,500 t of CO₂ emissions savings
- 120,000 m³ of cooling water savings



SHP-C600/C750 heat cycle, operation and main equipment

Evaporator

Cold liquid refrigerant heated to gas phase.

2-stage Compressor

Evaporated refrigerant pressure increased in two stages.

Condenser

Overheated gaseous refrigerant heat district heating water and condense to liquid.

HP Control Valve

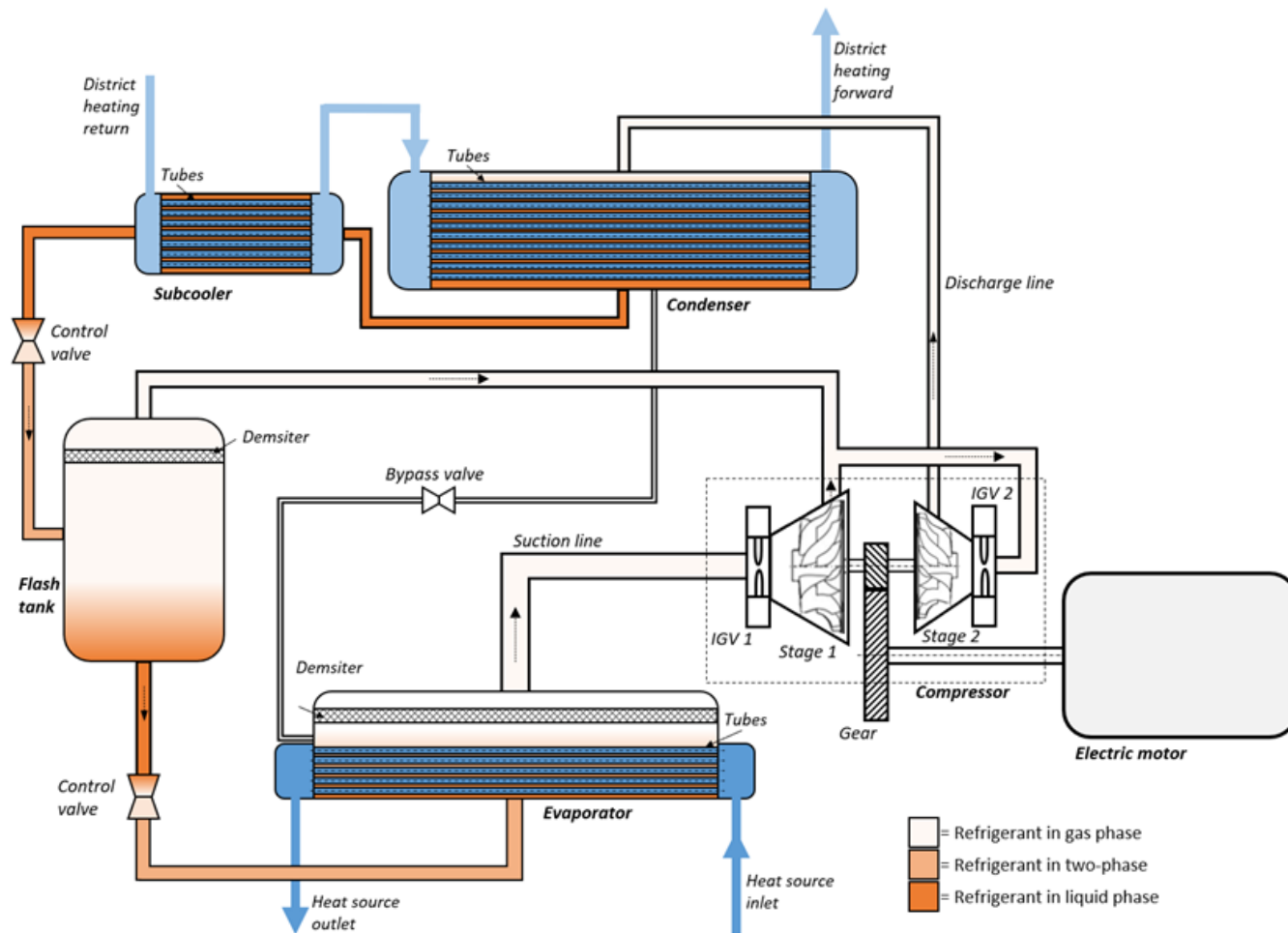
Refrigerant expanded to mix phase.

Flash Tank

Separates gas from liquid refrigerant.

LP Control Valve

Refrigerant pressure and temperature reduced.



Contact overview – Siemens Energy Heat Pumps



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Senior Consultant DES

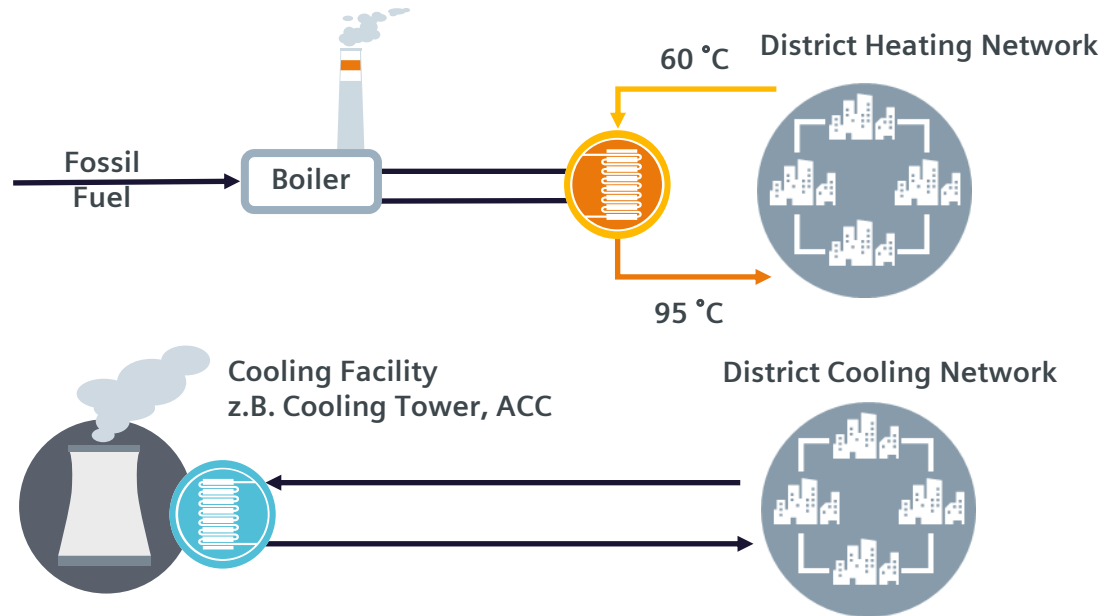
Generation Sales DES
Phone
Mobile +49 (172) 8338454
E-mail tanja.zusann@siemens-energy.com



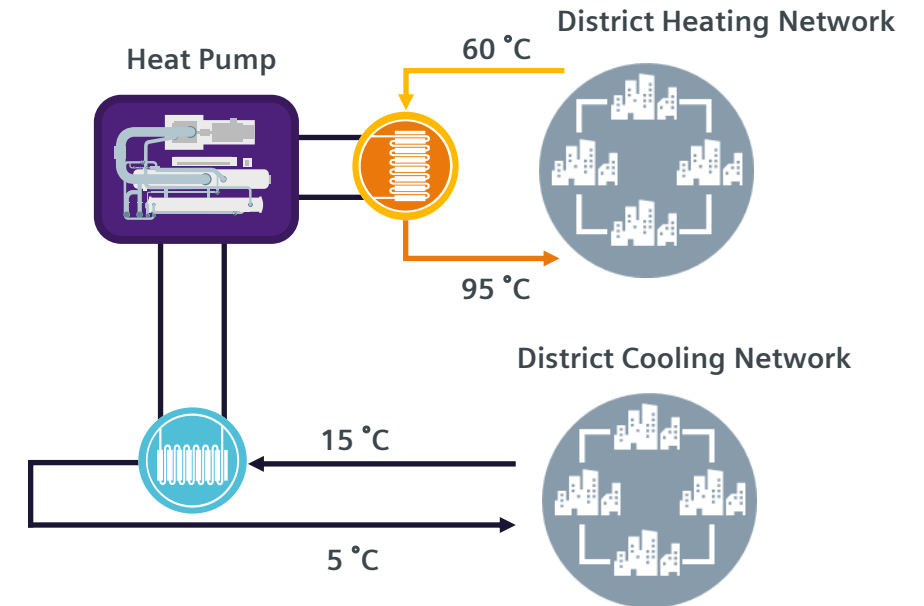
Industrial Heat Pumps @ Industry

Production of useful heat to District Heating from District Cooling Network

SITUATION TODAY



IMPROVED SITUATION WITH HEAT PUMP



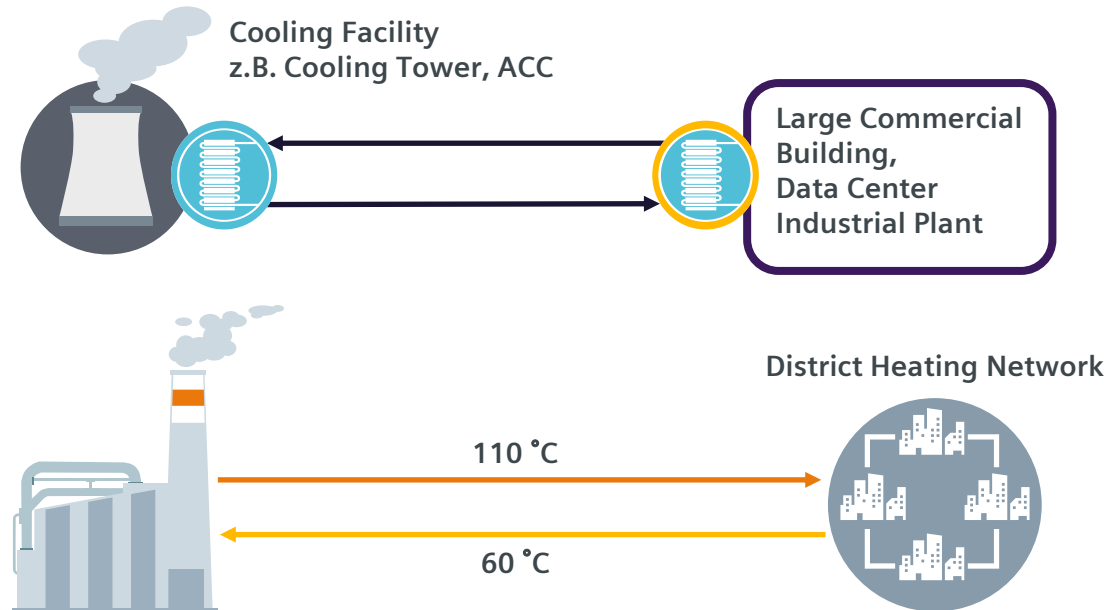
BENEFITS

- District Heating heat supply with reduced CO₂ emissions
- Less dependency on fossil fuels
- Use waste heat from Colling source
- Reduced cooling demand → no additional cooling facilities needed anymore → e.g. reduction of aux. consumption, make-up water

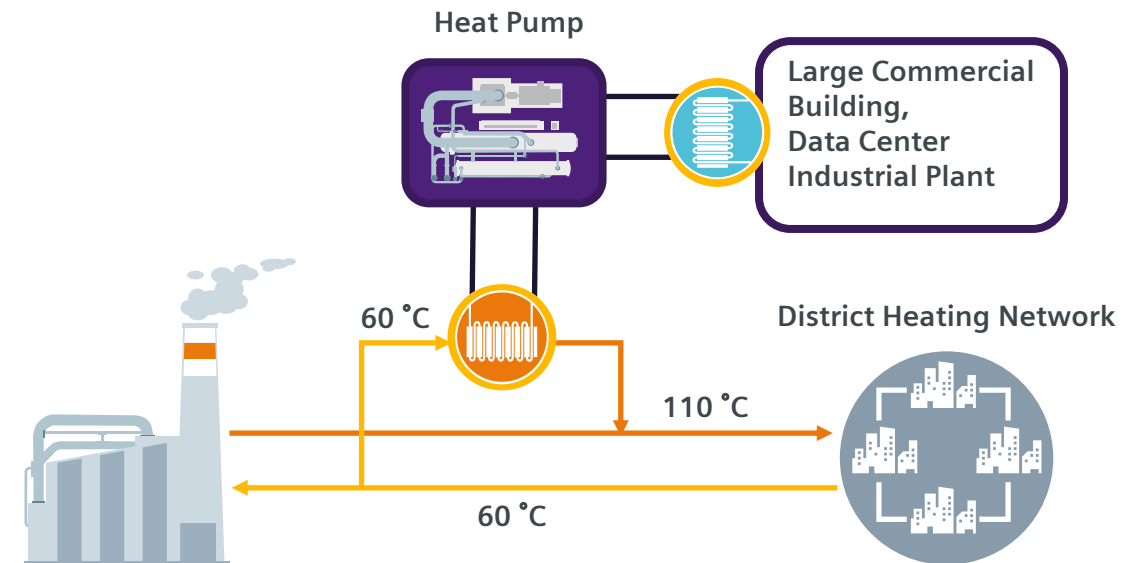
Industrial Heat Pumps @ District Heating & Industry

Integration of large cooling systems / utilization of new heat sources

SITUATION TODAY



IMPROVED SITUATION WITH HEAT PUMP



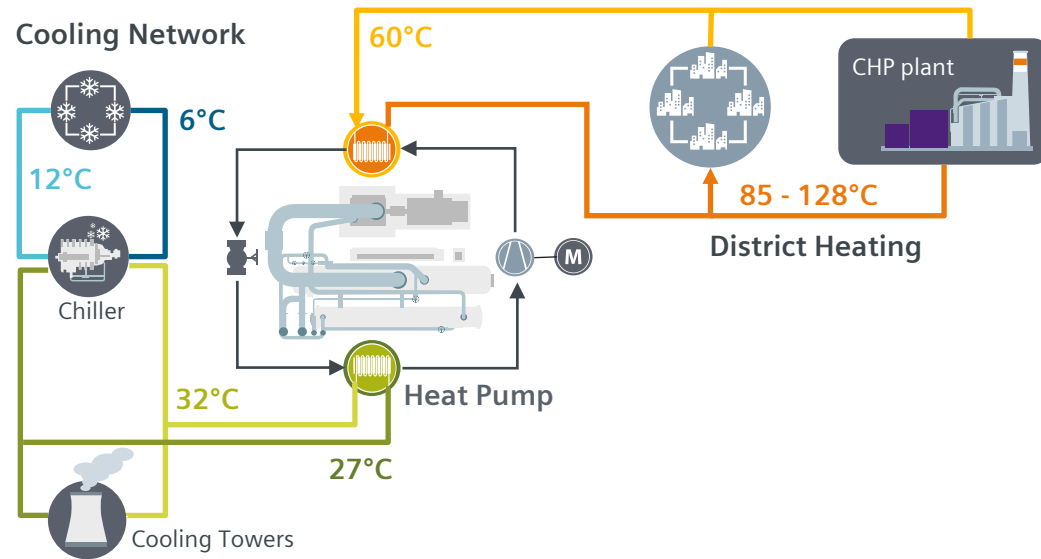
BENEFITS

- Waste heat from large commercial buildings, data centers and industry can be utilized for district heating → opening up new sources for district heating
- Combined-Heat-and-Power-and-Cooling → re-use of waste heat → reduced heat rejection to ambience
- no additional cooling facilities needed anymore → e.g. reduction of aux. consumption, make-up water
- “cooling” as additional product for heat pumps

Integration of Industrial Heat Pump – Project Example

Heating and cooling facility at Potsdamer Platz | Overview & key figures

OVERVIEW



KEY FIGURES

CAPACITY	1 Unit ~8 MWth,
AVERAGE COP	~3
REFRIGERANT	Hydro-(-chloro)-fluoro-olefin (H(C)FO)
ARRANGEMENT	Brownfield (integration in existing building)
HEAT SOURCE	Cooling water return from compression chillers to wet cell cooling tower (32 → 27 °C)
HEAT SINK	District heating (50 → 85 - 128°C)
COMPRESSOR	SIEMENS single shaft centrifugal vertically split radial compressor
LUBE & SEAL OIL SYSTEM	Combined lube and Seal Oil System
HEAT EXCHANGER	Semi-welded Plate Type Heat Exchangers (Evaporator, Condenser, Subcooler)
I&C SYSTEM	T3000 compact

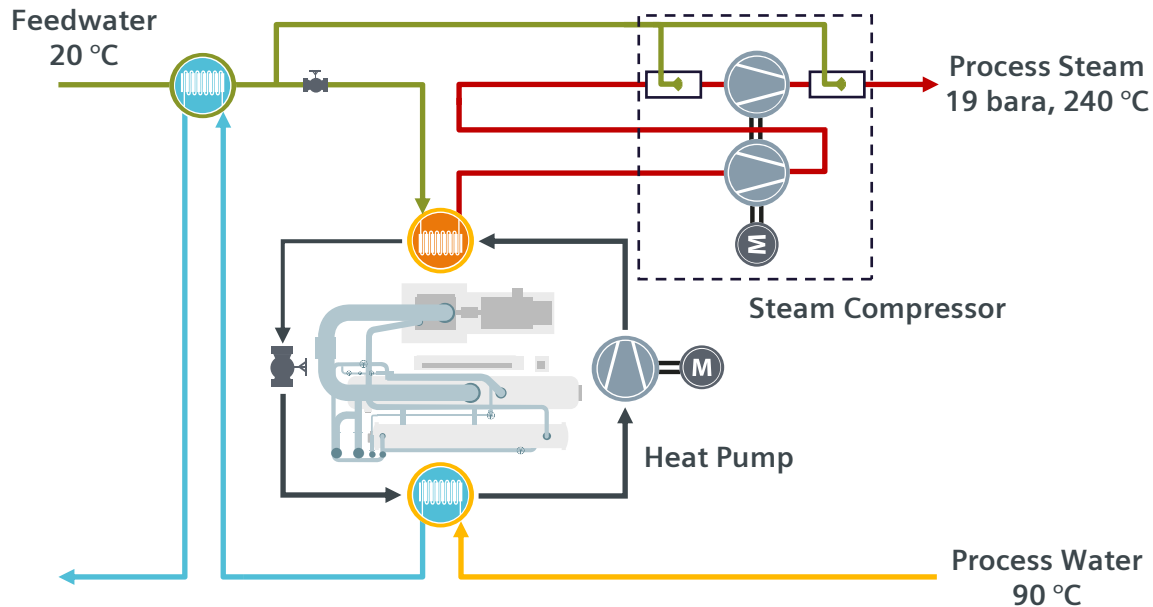
BACKGROUND

- Heat pump lifts the temperature level of cooling water from chillers to the temperature level of the district heating system
- Public funded project (BMWi) in cooperation with Vattenfall Wärme Berlin

Integration of Industrial Heat Pump – Project Example

Process Steam Production in chemical plant | Overview & key figures

OVERVIEW



KEY FIGURES

CAPACITY	36 MWth HP & Steam Compressor = 50 MWth
AVERAGE COP	~ 2.5 (incl. steam compression)
REFRIGERANT	Hydro-(-chloro)-fluoro-olefin (H(C)FO)
ARRANGEMENT	Brownfield (integration in existing building)
HEAT SOURCE	Process water return from reactors (90 → 70 °C)
HEAT SINK	Process Steam (20 °C → 19 bara, 240 °C)
COMPRESSOR	SIEMENS geared type radial compressor
LUBE & SEAL OIL SYSTEM	Combined lube and Seal Oil System
HEAT EXCHANGER	Shell & Tube Heat Exchangers (Evaporator, Condenser, Subcooler)
I&C SYSTEM	T3000 compact

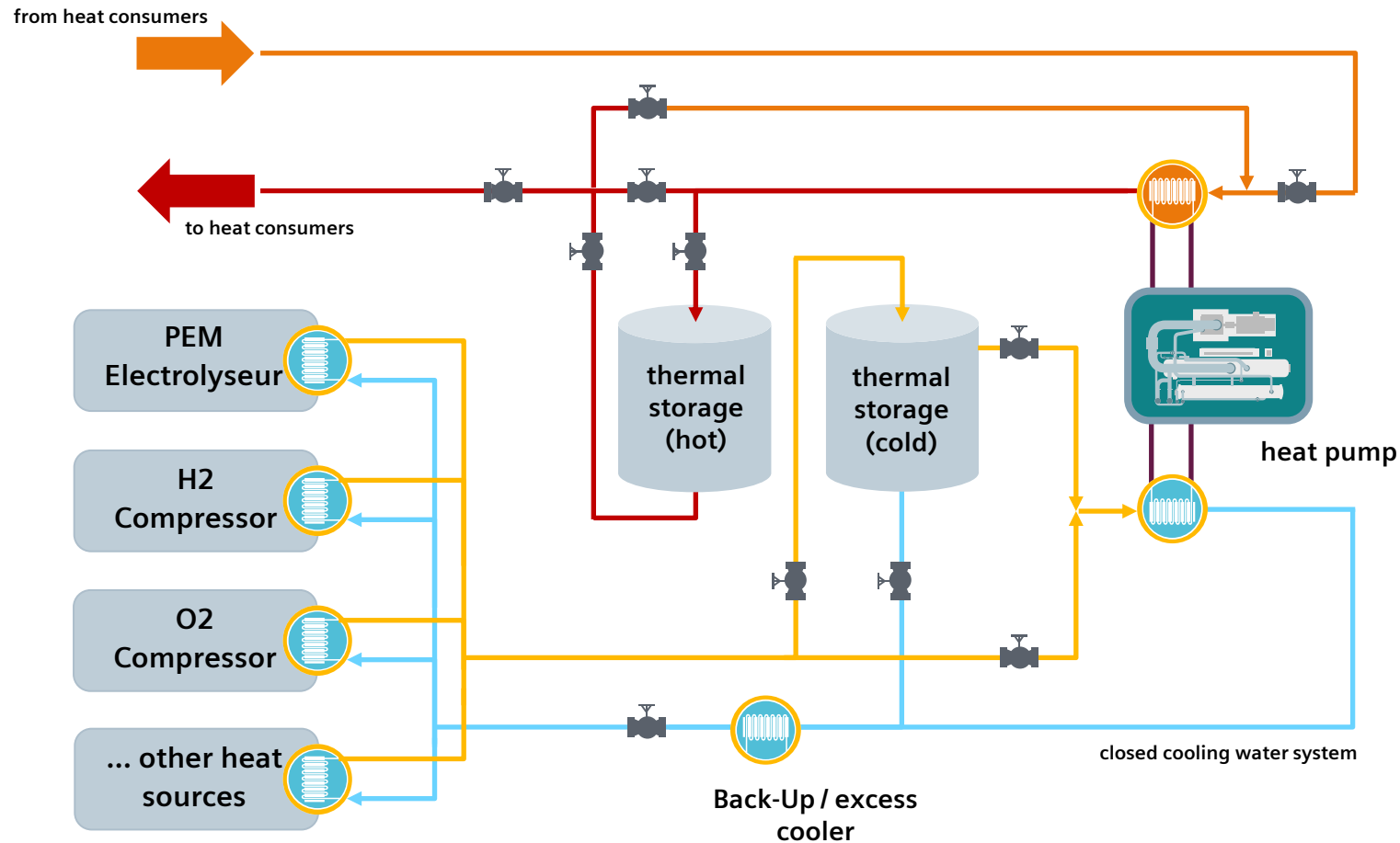
BACKGROUND

- High temperature heat pump utilizes waste heat from process water of reactors to produce saturated steam from feedwater
- Saturated steam is fed to steam compressor (multi-stage intercooled / attemperated)
- Final adjustment of steam parameters by attemperation

Concept – Waste Heat Utilization for Electrolysers

Heat Pump for cooling & supply of process heat (hot water)

PROCESS FLOW SCHEME



PRINCIPLE

- Heat Pump absorbs the heat from the H2 production and lifts it to higher temperature level e.g. for process heating (hot water or steam)

CHALLENGES

- Heat demand and waste heat from H2 production may timewise not be congruent
- Fluctuating heat from H2 production (esp. when driven by renewable electricity)

CONCEPT

- Decoupling of waste heat production and heat demand by thermal storage
- Optimized sizing of heat pump by integrating a thermal waste heat storage for electrolysers